The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.—NO. 997.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1862. [$6 PER ANN[illegible]

THE BULL[illegible]N:
BY EDWARD H. [illegible]TON.
OFFICE..............NO. 16 [illegible] STREET,
Over China Hall, on the [illegible]

TERMS FOR PAPER:
☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN will be [illegible]hed at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE.
☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN [illegible] be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, payable in advance.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Gen. Morgan Again.

Telegraphed expressly for the Bulletin.

MOBILE, July 22.

The *Advertiser and Register* contains the following: The Louisville Journal of the 14th contains the particulars of the capture of Lebanon, Ky., by Col. Morgan's forces, on the 13th. He captured Lieut.-Col. A. Johnston, and two companies of the 28th Kentucky regiment, killing several in the engagement, destroyed the Government warehouses, burned the railroad depot, together with a portion of the town, and then wound up by [illegible] the banks.

He then proceeded to Danville and Bardstown, dividing his forces on the Springfield railroad. He arrived within nine miles of Frankfort on Sunday night, and from thence he was expected to go to Lexington.

Chattanooga News.

Telegraphed expressly for the Bulletin.

CHATTANOOGA, July 21.

Buells forces are said to be [illegible]ing at Bridgeport. Large numbers arrived today. They are busy building boats to cross the river.

Brig. Gens. Crittenden and Duffield, with their staffs and other officers, being forty-one in all, left Knoxville to-day for Madison, Ga.

The activity of our army in East Tennessee indicates important movements.

Louisville Threatened.

Telegraphed Expressly for the Bulletin.

MOBILE, July 22.

It was reported that a large rebel force advanced seven miles from Shelbyville, on the road to Louisville. Gen. [illegible] was making every effort to defend the city.—Great excitement exists at Louisville.

Going to "Shell the City."

Telegraphed expressly for the Bulletin.

MOBILE, July 22,

A dispatch from Nashville, dated July 13, says there was great excitement at that place. An attack was expected and the Federal batteries were [illegible] the city in case of its surrender.

Feeling the Effects.

Telegraphed Expressly for the Bulletin.

MOBILE, July 22.

The capture of Murfreesboro had produced a stunning effect in the northwest.

A Report.

Telegraphed Expressly for the Bulletin.

MOBILE, July 22.

A dispatch from Cairo, dated July 12, reports the capture of Memphis in Northern Missouri, by the rebels, who carried away the Union citizens of the place.

Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, July 16.

The steamship Persia has arrived, with Liverpool dates to the 6th instant.

It is reported that France and England are negotiating to draw some of the other great powers with themselves in a scheme of intervention in the American war.

The London Times protests against the prosecution of this horrible war. The South should be allowed to depart peacefully. Unless the North can see this, it must bring untold evils on itself, on us, and on every European people."

The Fourth of July was not celebrated in Paris.

The Liverpool cotton market was excited. Official quotations were Middling Orleans 17d.

Maryland.

The Richmond *Examiner* says that a gentleman just from Baltimore states that the Yankees have withdrawn from Baltimore all their troops, except three regiments of militia. All their available force has also been withdrawn from Washington. The destination of these troops was not positively known, but it was currently believed they had been [illegible] Pope in Valley.

The following is an extract from the N. York Herald's army correspondence:

A reconnoitering party was sent out yesterday, and found the rebel pickets within one mile of ours, which leads to the opinions here that another battle is close at hand.

Our army is literally melting with heat. The thermometer in the sun yesterday stood at about 100 degrees. [illegible]ment is unnecessary.

Affairs are quiet at Fortress Monroe.—General Burnside has arrived here, and is looking well and appears in fine spirits.

The fortifications at Yorktown are being put in perfect order.

Breastworks are being thrown up at Hampton, about two and a half miles from Fortress Monroe, by our forces encamped at that place. The work is progressing vigorously.

A large package of the New Orleans *Delta*, BUTLER's organ, containing the false reports of the capture of Richmond and 50,000 Confederates by MCCLELLAN, was sent for European [illegible] by the Rinaldo from New Orleans.

OUTBREAK OF SECESSION IN KENTUCKY.—The Louisville Express, of the 3d inst., gives an account of a sharp skirmish between a company of partizan Rangers and the forces under the Provost Marshal, at Henderson, Ky., in which Lieut. Tyler was killed. Captain Dally, Lieut. Dally and a number of privates on the Federal side were wounded. It is said that one of the church bells was rang at 11 P. M., as a signal to make the attack, and at 12 the bell rang again for retreat, the Confederates retreating in good order. The Federals sent to Louisville for reinforcements. Henderson and the adjoining counties are in a blaze. Major McGlosson's cavalry (Federal) fails to arrest the leading secessionists, and was forced to retire before the forces of Capt. Jno. T. Williams, of West Liberty, who is successfully retaliating on the Yankees.

Another outbreak had occurred at Hazel Green, William and Andy Martin, of the Confederate army, having killed James Gilmore and badly wounded his son William. A number of Humphrey Marshall's men are also in Kentucky, rendering all the assistance they can.

The contemplated raid into Kentucky of the rebel forces at Pound Gap, was confidently believed would be successful. In Morgan county, the Yankee Judge was compelled to adjourn his court by the secessionists, and in Wolfe county Union men were hung.

In Pike county the most bitter and relentless war had broken out since the Federal forces had left, so that it would seem that Kentucky is fully ripe for revolution, and is only waiting for arms.

RETALIATION CALLED FOR.—A meeting of citizens was held at Montgomery, Ala., on the 11th inst., to consider the murder of Mumford by General Butler, in New Orleans. After stating the circumstances of the murder, the resolution adopted says:

Neither this nor any other of the acts of that General has been disavowed by his Government, so far as we are informed, and it cannot be ignorant of his course of conduct. By its silence it sanctions these acts of Gen. Butler, and is responsible for them. Under these circumstances it is the duty of the Government of the Confederate States to take some decided action in relation to these outrages. Our citizens demand and ought to have redress for the past, and security against the perpetration of future wrongs. Protection should be given by our Government to its citizens, and if it cannot afford protection otherwise, retaliation should be resorted to, and if necessary, let this war become, as the [illegible] and the acts of some of its officers have declared, a war of extermination.

We must not despair of New Orleans. Though far down on the Mississippi, she isn't quite down in the mouth.—*Louisville (Ky.) Journal.*

There is a certain upper fleet near Vicksburg, too, that is not "down in the mouth," so far as the river is concerned, but as relates to passing that heroic little place, we incline to the opinion that some of the commanders are very much "down in the mouth."

"Don't raise such a dust, walk your horses as you pass the General's headquarters," said a sentinel before Gen. Grant's residence in Memphis, as a carriage was passing. The lady occupant of the carriage, a well known widow of strong Southern proclivities, answered as it drove rapidly by: "It's our dust, if you don't like it leave here and go to your own dirty country."—*Jackson Mississippian.*

CONTRABANDS CONTRABANDED.—Two negroes, who had escaped to the Yankees and returned on a recruiting expedition, were arrested and hung at Kinston, Lenoir County, last week. We have no particulars of their capture, the nature of their return visit or their mode of trial, but the execution of the deluded wretches is beyond question.

Of course, these unfortunate negroes crossed the Yankee lines under Stanly's permit, and with his knowledge and consent came out as spies to pick up what information they could, and induce other negroes to run away or perhaps do worse. They have paid the penalty of their folly, and their blood is upon the head of Stanly and the hordes of rascally scoundrels with [illegible] negro who is caught in the attempt to elope to the Yankees should instantly suffer death as the surest, if not the only, means of deterring others from following their example.—*State Journal.*

DEPRESSING INFLUENCE OF THE RETURNED SICK AND WOUNDED.—What can the authorities mean by thrusting the sick and wounded of the army before the eyes of the whole community. Instead of providing five or six great hospitals in healthy inland locations for the maimed and enfeebled, it has scattered them all over the country to sadden and depress the spirits of the people. Surely this is not the way to inspire our young men with enthusiasm, or induce them to enter the ranks of the army. With conspicuous infelicity the parks has been selected in this city as the depot for the wounded, and there, day after day in the presence of tens of thousands, may be seen hundreds of poor fellows, every one of whom is a melancholy reminder of the horrors of war, and a powerful dissuader to those who may desire to enlist. Let proper arrangements be made forthwith to remove every sick and wounded soldier away from the large centres of population.

Latest from the North.

New York and Philadelphia papers of Thursday last, July 17th, have been received at the Petersbuag *Express* office. We make the following selections:

FROM NEW YORK.

The special correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer, writes as follows:

NEW YORK, July 16.

The city has been agitated again to-day by another batch of alarming rumors. One is, that "Stonewall" Jackson is again on the tramp towards Winchester, and that our troops there are falling back on Harper's Ferry; another is, that the President has determined to remove Gen. McClellan, and that the army of the Potomac is to be recalled from the Peninsula. The former is thought to be probable, but the latter is not credited.

The real value of the Union Square meeting must be determined, not by the number of eloquent speeches delivered, nor by the great applause with which the resolutions and address was received, but by the number of volunteers brought to the recruiting office. It will be some days before we can ascertain precisely the effect in this particular.

Meanwhile, it must be confessed that enlistments are not so lively as they ought to be, I looked in at most of the "headquarters" this morning, and found the complaint general that the men did not come up very actively. In a few days, however, the understanding is, that the Legislature will convene in special session, in order to stimulate enlistments by offering a handsome bounty. There is no time to be lost and if the Governor is wise, he will not delay the call for an extra session another day.

The depression in the Stock market with lower prices, etc., may be attributed to these rumors, together whith the arrogant and unfriendly tone of the London Tory Journals towards the Federal Government and the North. Private letters from London and Liverpool bankers were likewise shown in "the streets," expressing an apprehension that Lindsay's motion for a recognition of the Rebel Confederacy would have more strength than its opponents were calculating upon, and intimating that the Opposition would endeavor to upset the ministry upon it.

COTTON IN NEW YORK.

The cotton market was again firmer Wednesday, and underwent a further advance of 1ca1½c per pound. The sales embrace about 1,800 bales, closing on the basis of 46ca46½c for middling uplands, while middling fair to fair quality sold at 49ca50c per pound.

RECRUITMENT OF ABOLITION SOLDIERS WHO WILL NOT FIGHT UNDER MCCLELLAN.—The radicals are hard at work. Dr. Wm. Doane, of the Patent Office, not having anything to do in Washington, has been started off on a tour to the North, to stump New York for abolition soldiers—to enlist none, it is said, but those who will fight with the negro and for the negro, and not to fight under McClellan.

THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY.—The New York Tribune is again uneasy about the Valley of Virginia. It says, what the government may know we are not permitted to know, but if any judgement can be made up from outside rumors, the Shenandoah Valley is in anything but a healthy state. Latest rumors indicate that Winchester is again threatened by the rebels, and there is a general impression of uncertainty throughout the entire region.

Gen. McClellan wins military successes as a farmer does a crop of corn or potatoes—he digs for it.—*Louisville (Ky.) Journal.*

The last "dig" he made was for the James River; and General Lee proved himself a better farmer than McClellan, for the latter raised nothing by his digging, while the former raised the siege of Richmond.

FOR HIRE.

A capable Nurse and House Servant, of excellent character. Apply to
Rev. L. S. NELSON.
july 23, '62—d4t*

READY MADE CLOTHING.

The subscriber is now well supplied at his old stand, Brevards Station, with a large quantity of first quality Summer and Fall Clothing, Shoes, &c., which he offers to the public cheap for cash.

Call and supply yourselves before the stock is exhausted.
WM. RICHARDS,
july 23—2w* Brevards Station,

FOUND,

On the North Carolina Rail Road, near this place, a Carpet Bag. The owner can recover it by calling at this office and paying for advertisement.
july 23 tf

MILITIA NOTICE.

All men residing in, or who have been sojourning in wards No. 2 and 3, (Naval Department excepted) for ten days, from the age of 35 to 50 years are hereby ordered to enroll their names in Beat No. 1, on or before the first Saturday of August. The roll of the company can be found at the Envelope Office, opposite the Post Office. The law will be severely dealt on all defaulters.

By order,
Capt. J. H. STEVEN'S
Beat Company No. 1, 85th Regt.,
July 23—3t N. C. Militia.
☞ Whig and Democrat copy 1 time.

NOTICE.

All members of the 37th Regiment N. C. Troops, who are now at home will report at Statesville on the 1st day of August, prepared to go to the regiment, unless they go to the regiment before that time. All who are unable to travel will send to the Adjutant, at Statesville, certificates from reliable Surgeons.

By order Col. BARBER.
WM. T. NICHOLSON,
Adjutant 37th N. C. T.
July 21, '62—[illegible]

NOTICE TO CONSCRIPTS.

The Camp of Instruction is not in readiness. The Colonels of Militia will wait further orders before calling out the Conscripts.
J. C. McRAE,
Capt. & A. A. G. Com.
July 23, 1862—tf

NOTICE.

Persons wishing to settle their accounts or Notes with FISHER & BURROUGHS can have an opportunity of doing so by calling on J. W. BLAIR, at the Store of A. A. N. M. TAYLOR. Don't delay, we are anxious to get our business settled up.
J. C. BURROUGHS.
July 23-d1m.

BLUE MASS, BLUE MASS.

Warranted pure and equal to any imported.

I am now manufacturing Blue Mass in large quantities by machinery, and can fill orders for any quantity.

It can be sent by express to almost any place in the Confederacy.

Orders solicited.

Orders can also be sent to Kent, Paine & Co., Richmond Va.
R. B. SAUNDERS.
Chapel Hill, N. C.
July 23, 1862—3tawlm

ATTENTION!

PARTIZAN RANGERS.

You are hereby ordered to report at Charlotte Monday, the 21st inst., without further notice.
J. Y. BRYCE, Capt.
P. S. Members will bring blankets.
July 18, 1862—tf

MILCH, MILCH.

Brought to your door by Avr Oil Co., leave your orders at E. Nye Hutchison & Co's Drug Store.
July 17, '62—1m*

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 1st day of September, under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. BURWELL, aided by competent teachers in all the branches. For circular containing full particulars as to terms address
Rev. R. BURWELL,
july 8, 1862—d1m Charlotte, N. C.

HEAD QUARTERS CAMP OF INSTRUCTION
Statesville N. C. July 15th 1862.

Persons liable to the operation of the conscription act are not allowed to volunteer in any company after enrollment.

Conscripts are designed bp law to fil up the regiments now in service, and all volunteering of persons between the ages of 18 and 35 in new Companies since the 17th of May is in violation of law.
JAMES C McRAE.
Capt & A. A. Gen'l.
Comd'g Camp of Ins't at Statesville.

☞ The Salisbury Watchman, Western Enterprise, Ashville News, Henderson Times, Western Carolinian and Shelby Eagle, will copy above three times and [illegible] at Raleigh, for payment.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

I shall resume the exercises of my School in the Town Hall on Monday, August 4th.

Terms same as last Session.
R. H. GRIFFITH.
July 20, '62—6t

L. T. LEVIN,
Commission Merchant,
SELLS ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.
COLUMBIA, S. C.
March 14, 1862 1y

J. G. WILKINSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER
AND
Plated Ware.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

WILLIAMS & OATES,
TRADE STREET,
Cotton Buyers, Grocers & Produce Dealers,
Agents for Kettlewell's Manipulated Guano and Lorie's Lumber.
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
may 17-tf

SHOES, SHOES, SHOES.

Received a fine assortment of women Leather Shoes, sizes 3 to 8, selling very fast at $3 00 a pair. Fine Kid Morocco Boots, sizes 1 to 6.
For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.
March 12, 1862—tf

SPRING SHAWLS.

Received a large variety of Silk Mantels and Shawls. For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
March 12, 1862-tf

COTTON CARDS.

Run the Blockade few dozen best quality Whittimore No 8, 9, 10, Cotton Cards for Sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS

TALLOW! TALLOW!

5,000 lbs. extra article white TALLOW for sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 23, '62—tf.

PEA NUT OIL! PEA NUT OIL!

Few more barrels extra quality PEA NUT OIL just received and for sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 23, '62—tf.

WALTON HOUSE.

MORGANTON, N. C.

This house is now open for the reception of the public, either by the day, week or month. The many advantages of healthfulness, beauty of scenery, good water, &c., will point this out as a desirable place for families or individuals seeking a home during the continuance of the war, or for spending the summer months, with the assurance on the part of the Proprietors that every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize their house.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
W. R. S. BURBANK.
July 7, 1862—d1m

SWORD, SASH AND BELT.

A handsome Silver Case Sword, for Captain or Commissioned Officers, with a red Silk Sash and Belt. For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Feb. 1[illegible]

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

I will sell on reasonable terms, or exchange for negroes, or a plantation near town, 30t Town Lots in a high state of cultivation, in that part of town known as Smithville, many of them desirable sites for private residences.
JOAB P. SMITH.
July 17, 1862—2w

REAL MOUNTAIN DEW.

Ten cases genuine Scotch Whiskey, distilled by Wm. Hay & Co. Glasgow, just received from the blockade.
For sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
July 15, 1862—tf

Charlotte Foundry
And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above establishment, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other metals made at short notice and reduced prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Works and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Job, Wagon Work, and Horse-Shoeing, done with dispatch. Old Iron, Brass and Copper Castings bought at the Foundry or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.
dec 26-tf JOHN M. HOWIE

Family Flour for Sale.

AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN. Also, MEAL and GRIST.
JOHN WILKES,
aug 1, 1860-1y Charlotte Flour Mills.

Save Your Ashes.

THE Charlotte Chemical & M. Co., will pay 12½ cents per bushel for good clean

ASHES.

All persons having any to sell, will please give notice at the Drug Store of E. Nye Hutchinson & Co.
CHARLOTTE C. & M. Co.
Feb 28—tf

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY,
Commission Merchants,
At their Old Stand, Trade Street.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Family Groceries.

All orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.

Factories supplied with Cotton, on commission of 50 cents per bale.
J. E. STENHOUSE,
ALLEN MACAULAY.
Charlotte, N. C., May 3, 1862—1y

HILLSBORO
Military Academy.

THIS INSTITUTION will be reopened under efficient management on WEDNESDAY, March 5th. The services of officers having been permanently secured, no further interruption of duties need be apprehended.

☞ For circulars stating new terms &c., address "Superintendent H. M. A."
Hillsboro, N. C.
Feb 1—law6w

CONFEDERATE REGULATIONS.

Gold Stars, Gold Gimp for Pants, Gold Lace for Sleeves and Collars, Military Buttons, just received per express. For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.
April 30, 1862—tf

HURRAH FOR THE CAMPS.

Just received this morning, from the blockade, Fine Tooth Combs, all sizes; also English Dressing Combs.
For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
April 30, 1862—tf

TO HIRE.

A negro BOY and GIRL will be hired out for the balance of the year.

The Girl is a good cook. For terms, &c., apply to J. P. SMITH or H. L. ALEXANDER.
June 27, 1862—tf

TO HIRE.

Several good plain Cooks and Washers; also several boys and men as labourers or workers. Apply at this office.
July 18 1862—d3t.

WRAPPING PAPER.

We have on hand, and daily receiving, a large supply of WRAPPING PAPER of all kinds, on consignment. Consumers will do well to call.
J. H. STEVENS & CO.,
Opposite the Post Office.
June 12, 1862—d6t

WRITING PAPER, &c.

Confederate Writing Paper and Envelopes with Military Motto, Fine Letter Paper, Steel Pens and Holders.
For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
April 30, 1862—tf

THOMAS W. RADCLIFFE,
AT THE
SIGN OF THE DRUM,
[illegible] STREET,
THE NORTH-EAST CORNER OF RICHARDSON AND PLAIN STREETS,
NO. 166,
COLUMBIA, S. C
Importer and Dealer in Fine
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE,
GUNS, MILITARY & FANCY GOODS.
☞ WATCHES and JEWELRY repaired by skillful and experienced Workmen. All kinds of HAIR-WORK made to order. ☜
oct. 27, 1860-tf.

Removal.

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he has removed his Shop to No 4 *GRANITE ROW*, where he is prepared with a full stock of

GOODS FOR MENS WEAR,

To supply all who may favor him with a call.

Having secured the services of one of the best Cutters in the South, he feels satisfied that he can please the most fastidious.
Oct. 9-tf J. S. PHILLIPS.

INK MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber has commenced the manufacture of a beautiful

BLACK WRITING INK.

It is made from an english recipe, and is remarkable for its brilliancy of color and freedom from all sediments or drugs.

Orders from dealers will be filled with promptness, and at as moderate prices as they have been purchasing for from Northern manufacturers.

Orders solicited, and samples sent wherever requested. Address W. B. JOHNSTON,
aug 20-tf Columbia, S. C.

FOUND, A SMALL AMOUNT OF MONEY. Enquire at the [illegible]

Book and Job Printing
OF EVERY CLASS AND STYLE,
Neatly Executed at this office.

HAVING procured a large amount of [illegible]

PRINTING,

[illegible]

CARDS, INVITATIONS, NOTES, LAW BLANKS, PAMPHLETS, [illegible]

[illegible]
E. H. BRITTON.

Notice to Merchants.

FORWARDING OFFICE
[illegible]
CHARLESTON, March [illegible]

THE South Carolina Railroad Company having determined to discontinue this department of the service, the undersigned [illegible] GANTT & STONY, to whom all business communications should be addressed. [illegible]
JAMES L. GANTT,
Late Forwarding Agent S. C. R. R. Co.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
HILLSBOROUGH RECORDER,
DEVOTED TO
POLITICS, AGRICULTURE, [illegible], GENERAL NEWS,
PUBLISHED BY
DENNIS HEARTT.
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

WITH the present volume the RECORDER commenced the fortieth year of its existence [illegible]

A single copy, one year,..............$ 2.00
Six copies, one year..............10.00
Ten copies, one year..............15.00

Payment always in advance.

Any of our old subscribers who will obtain five subscribers and send us the cash, shall receive their own paper free of charge.
July 18.

The Edgecombe Farm Journal.

THE subscriber will commence on or about the 1st of September, 1860, the publication of a monthly journal in Tarboro', to be devoted to the plantation and rural interests of North Carolina in particular, and of the South generally.

Edgecombe having long since been acknowledged as the model farming county of North Carolina, we feel that there is no locality better suited, and none more justly entitled, to the source of publication of a first class agricultural paper than Tarboro'. It is to be called

"The Edgecombe Farm Journal,"

And will contain original and selected articles upon Agriculture, Horticulture, Floriculture, Household Arts, Rural Architecture, Zoology, &c., &c.

It will be published with new type and clear white paper, in a neat quarto form.

The price of subscription has been made so low as to place the publication within reach of every one.

TERMS:

One copy one year..............$0 50
Seven copies one year..............[illegible]
Twelve copies one year..............5 00
Twenty-five copies one year..............[illegible]

☞ No paper sent unless paid for in advance.
WILLIAM S. SMITH,
Editor and Proprietor, Tarboro', N. C.
july 30-tf

THE SOUTHERN GUARDIAN
IS PUBLISHED AT
COLUMBIA, SO. CA.
BY CHARLES P. PELHAM.

TERMS:

[illegible]

THE BULLETIN
AND
THE CATAWBA JO[illegible]

[illegible]

THE TIMES

[illegible]

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE CHARLESTON [illegible]
A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, [illegible] NEWSPAPER
PUBLISHED DAILY AND [illegible]

[illegible]

THE FARMER AN[illegible]

[illegible]

THE B[illegible]

BY EDW[illegible] BRITTON.

TER[illegible] PAPER:

DAILY BULLET[illegible]	(per annum,)	$6.00.
TRI-WEEKLY B[illegible]	(per annum,)	$4.00.
CATAWBA JOUR[illegible]	(per annum)	$1.00.

TERMS [illegible] ADVERTISING:

1 square	1 time		$ .50
1 do	2 times		.75
1 do	3 do		1.00
1 do	6 do		1.75
1 do	12 do		2.75
1 do	1 month		4.00
1 do	2 m'ths		[illegible]
1 do	3 do		10.00
1 do	6 do		16.00
1 do	1 year		[illegible]

☞ Advertisem[illegible] will be charged 50 cen[illegible] of 12 lines for the first insertion, and [illegible] each continuance if not contracted [illegible]

☞ A liberal [illegible] made on the above rates to persons a[illegible] contract.

CHAR[illegible]TTE.

Thursday Mornin[illegible] July 24, 1862.

☞ The News rece[illegible] by Telegraph will be found on [illegible].

☞ Our colored [illegible]rriers are not privileged to sell copi[illegible] the Bulletin: Those purchasing fro[illegible]em encourage dishonesty and do us [illegible]ous injury.

☞ Those who may a[illegible] time order a change in the direction of th[illegible] paper will plea[illegible] name the office from which [illegible] change is to be made as well as the office to [illegible] the paper is to be sent in future.

Obituary N[illegible]

We observe that severa[illegible] our exchanges are advertising the publ[illegible] that obituary notices must be paid [illegible] advertising rates; but at the same ti[illegible] marriage notices are inserted free.

Thus the unfortunate a[illegible] taxed and the gay and happy enjoy the [illegible]ist.

We dissent. All marri[illegible] notices that appear in our columns he[illegible]er, *shall pay a tax of one dollar.* Obitu[illegible] notices from one to thirty or forty lines *[illegible] be inserted without cost.*

Proceedings of Compa[illegible] meetings in reference to deceased soldi[illegible] and all similar tributes, will find plac[illegible] our papers free of charge.

Cheap Clothi[illegible]

Attention is directed to [illegible] Advertisement of Mr. Wm. Richar[illegible] who has a fine supply of Clothing for [illegible] Brevards Station.

A Slander.

The annexed is an extrac[illegible] a letter written by a Lieutenant in [illegible]4th Regiment, Alabama Volunteers, [illegible] date of Petersburg, Va., June [illegible] the signature of "Verito." [illegible] people of Charlotte and learn h[illegible] have been slandered:

"From Columbia we [illegible] columns forward to Charlotte. [illegible] a proud city of a good State, bu[illegible] would require a dialect replete [illegible] of laudation to allude in a[illegible] terms to the Capitol of South Carolina [illegible] would be compelled to call for a v[illegible] of double the opposite extreme to [illegible] the citizens of Charlotte. The[illegible] have no hope above that of ava[illegible] ambition but that of individual [illegible] in the propagation contracted a[illegible] charge but the care of person and f[illegible] once rising to that magnanimi[illegible] would expand into patriotism and [illegible] rights but the rights of my country. [illegible] may be strange, but the officers o[illegible] regiment, being forced by the regula[illegible] Confederate army, to purcha[illegible] rations, were out when they reach[illegible] point, and not one morsel could they [illegible]. Sick soldiers who were sufferi[illegible] wounds and disease applied there [illegible] medical aid, and physicians of that gr[illegible] generous city refused to go to [illegible] until a prepayment of their fees. Nor[illegible] Carolinians may think their city [illegible] but I but write the truth to fore[illegible] invalids from imposing the[illegible] upon those who have no soul to [illegible]."

Now we assert most positi[illegible] not a soldier has ever departed from Charlotte without bread if he took the [illegible] to make his necessities known to the citizens of the town, and the abuse of "Verito," is not only unjust but positive[illegible] false[illegible] uttered no doubt by one who thirsted for [illegible] fire but could not gratify his craving.

The people of Charlotte have, [illegible] every occasion, been profligate in their [illegible]tions to soldiers when advised o[illegible] their wants, and it is much to be regret[illegible] one hailing from the proud State of A[illegible] (whose name is in our possession but [illegible] held from print on account of [illegible] re[illegible]able associations,) has condescen[illegible] slander a people who have done so [illegible] towards nerving the arm and stimul[illegible] heart of our warriors, whenever [illegible] opportunity presented itself.

The charge against the [illegible] gentlemen residing in Charlotte we will [illegible] reply to. A notice from them [illegible] and collectively will no doubt [illegible] to the public. We expect them to [illegible] back the slander, (if they have been [illegible]ed,) in a manner that will teach [illegible] that they are above reproach.

Washington Ite[illegible]

A letter dated Washington [illegible] 16th [illegible], says:

Well grounded fears are [illegible] here that the health of the city is [illegible] worse, and that an epidemic i[illegible] improbable. The streets, by-ways [illegible] of the city are in a horribly filt[illegible] condition, little ever being done by the [illegible] authorities, unless the expense i[illegible] paid [illegible] General Government. The numbe[illegible] sick and wounded in the hospitals, [illegible] through the city, is a cause of [illegible] regarding the sanitary condition [illegible] the neighborhood.

In consequence of the scar[illegible] change and the premium on [illegible] principal hotels here have [illegible] policy of issuing tickets, repre[illegible] ferent small amounts or cha[illegible] tickets are generally current [illegible] the city for trading purpose[illegible] redeemable at the hotels where [illegible].

CONSPIRACY TO ASSASSINATE [illegible] A New Orleans correspondent [illegible] York *Herald*, under date of [illegible] states that four men were unde[illegible] conspiring to assassinate Gene[illegible]. Their names are Marquez, Ji[illegible] Abadio and Boulloss. They w[illegible] ed on the affidavit of Rafael P[illegible] man whom they attempted to [illegible] plot, and who furnished eviden[illegible] plan and the plotters. General [illegible] not yet decided what to do with [illegible] prits.

[illegible] at Suffolk—Intensity of the Heat—Union Boys Can't Stand it.

From two ladies who have recently reached here, and through other reliable sources, we have obtained some interesting information from Suffolk, Va.

The number of Yankee forces now there is estimated at 8,000, but their efficiency is not regarded as being at all valuable, either by their own officers, or persons who have recently inspected them. The great majority of these forces are said to be in a very filthy, dirty condition, and the beautiful Union uniform, which when the war commenced was so much the boast of Yankee correspondent everywhere, is now in tatters, and has been so stained by mud and besprinkled with dust, that Abe Lincoln's hirelings look like anything else than soldiers, so far as appearances are concerned.

On Wednesday afternoon last, during what purported to be a dress parade, the heat was so intense, that nearly three hundred of the patriots fell from sheer exhaustion, and had to be borne from the drill ground to the shade. *Coup de soleil* occurs almost daily, and one of the Yankee officers remarked to our informant, that if this was a fair specimen of the "sunny south," he thought the sooner the Union patriots got out of Dixie's land the better.

Gens. Mansfield and Van Webber are both at Suffolk, the former in supreme command. There are two military Governors or provost marshals viz: Paul De Kay and a Dutchman named Van Webber, a brother of the General. They are both much disposed to use their authority, and in many instances are not slow in abusing it.

Three of Lincoln's soldiers in Suffolk have practically illustrated Greely's peculiar doctrine of love for the negro, by uniting themselves in marriage to negro women of the town. They profess great devotion to their newly found brides, and say they intend taking them to the North and educating them. It was thought by some that the recent unprecedented hot spell would bring about a temporary divorcement of the amalgamationists from bed, if not board, but such has not been the case. It is now conceded by those who know the blackamore brides, that if the Yankees can tolerate them, they can stand anything.

The Episcopal church has been seized by the Yankees, and a member of the Dutch Reformed persuasion, from Massachusetts, officiates in the pulpit every sabbath. This disgracer of the sacerdotal robes which he has assumed, boards with a negro slave whose master has left the place, and parades the streets daily arm in arm with a free black. His congregation is composed chiefly of negroes, the Yankees urging as a reason for not waiting upon this pastor's pulpit ministrations, that they have no faith whatever in the professed piety of the creature.

The negroes have become very bold and insolent, from the dangerous teachings of this preacher—Yankee Dutch Reformed. As an evidence we are reliably informed, that a few days since, while some three or four well known citizens of Suffolk, were engaged in conversation on the street, a negro fellow came up, and remarked, "gemmens you hab neber heer'd de gospil preached in all its purity; if you want to, you must cum to de Piscopal church next sabbath, and hear our pastor." The vestry of the church has been converted into a regular drinking hole, and all the day through, Yankee officers can be seen slipping in and out, who unblushingly state to all, that they have been in to "wet their whistle."

The Yankees have been in a continual state of alarm ever since the disastrous overthrow of McClellan, and anticipating an attack, have thrown up fortifications near Suffolk, and mounted heavy guns.—Many of their pickets have been surprised and killed by daylight, and scores have fallen by unknown hands during the night time. It is stated that they now send out no pickets at night, the Yankee soldiers declaring that they will not risk their lives by attempting the performance of such dangerous duty.

The Yankee Generals at Suffolk have appropriated the handsome residence of Nathaniel Riddick, Esq., and now use the building and furniture exclusively for their own accommodation. The farm of Mr. R. near Suffolk has also been visited by the vandals, and everything of value, even to the bacon left for the subsistence of Mr. R.'s servants by himself, stolen and consumed. A faithful old servant man, who was entrusted with the care of the place by Mr. Riddick, protested against the theft, but his protestations were disregarded.

The chief and most active friend of the Yankees in Suffolk, is a creature named George Washington Singleton, who came to the town a few years ago, and has since earned a somewhat precarious subsistence, by fishing, hunting and illegal traffic with negroes. Of this latter, he was always suspected, but positive proof could never be procured. Singleton rendered himself somewhat conspicuous by his much vaunted secession proclivities, at a time when it was thought to be a matter of some debate, whether Virginia would secede or remain in the Union. When an ordinance of secession was passed, Singleton became almost frantic with joy, and in the exuberance of his jubilant feelings, threw his hat so high in the air, that it fell into the river, and never was reclaimed, and the people enjoyed a hearty laugh at his expense. On another occasion, when the people attempted to obstruct the channel of the Nansemond river, and a boat was by inattention scuttled and sunk at the wrong place, Singleton became exceedingly indignant, declared the party had done the deed intentionally, and proposed lynch law as the penalty for such gross carelessness. Now, the base creature cicerones the Yankees into every hole and corner of the place, professes undying devotion to the "stars and stripes," and tells the invaders that he had long prayed for their coming. Such duplicity will have its reward, and we hope the Yankees will become acquainted with the [illegible] of this double traitor.

From New Orleans.

The promised bombardment of Galveston has not taken place.

On the 14th instant a skirmish took place near that place between a detachment of Federals who had landed and a body of Texan troops. The Yankees were forced to re-embark "promptly," and then the Federal blockading ship opened fire on the Texans.

The report of the capture of Baton Rouge is contradicted. The Estafeta says Butler has received authority from the War Department to recruit new Federal regiments in New Orleans, and has appointed an officer to perform that duty.

By another order, all auction sales are null and void, unless the auctioneer has taken the oath of allegiance. Another forbids the assembling of citizens in groups or crowds on the streets, because "it has become dangerous to the public peace."

The mortar fleet had come down from Vicksburg. The valorous little city was considered too hard a nut for it to crack. What its destination is was not known. Some of its officers, however, declared that it was Mobile; others thought Galveston; and still others James river. It must be doing something, but we can hardly see what use it can be in James river.

A few days ago there was great fear of an uprising of the people. Double sentries were put on duty, and some of the heaviest of the war vessels were moored in front of the city. The purpose was to destroy it, if the movement should be made. It was this fear that prompted the order of the provost marshal, declaring that three persons found together on the streets were equivalent to a riot, and several citizens were arrested and fined for violating it. On the 13th inst. the fear of a riot was so great, that signal flags from St. Patrick's cathedral were used nearly all day. The same day a lady was arrested for displaying a Confederate banner in honor of the victory in Virginia, and the movement among the citizens was so marked and defiant that the provost marshall exhibited considerable apprehension of the result.

Gen. Van Dorn is rebuilding the Manchac bridge, about 36 miles from New Orleans, and the Confederate pickets had driven in those of the enemy at Kenner, which is distant only twelve miles.

Some two weeks ago there was a battle between some Texas guerillas near Opelousas and a portion of Butler's forces. How it resulted is not exactly known, but cars returned to New Orleans laden with wounded Yankee soldiers. Butler sent reinforcements, and a portion of them had come back, making their way through swamps and getting to their quarters in a very forlorn condition.

Communication with the city, it was supposed, would be entirely cut off. Sailing vessels accustomed to run to Madisonville, on the opposite side of the lake, are all retained there; and on the 14th inst. several persons were arrested for running this blockade and imprisoned.

Trade was as dull as before. On Tuesday there were no clearances, and only two arrivals of small coasters. Several vessels in the employment of the Lincoln government had come in from sea.

There is a great deal of sickness among the invaders; but they conceal this by burying their dead at night, unless in the case of conspicuous officers.

Duration of the War.

The Philadelphia Inquirer, one of the "sixty days" journals, now says, editorially:

It is *not unreasonable* to presume that, with a sufficient army at the disposal of the Government, led by able officers, and aided and encouraged by wise, united and vigorous counsels at Washington, the Rebellion may be effectually crushed *within the next twelve months*, or so seriously crippled as to render its suppression after that time comparatively certain and easy.

If we are right in this conjecture, then it follows that the next year must be the critical and decisive period of the war, and that if the Government is to triumph at all, it must, within the interval named, put forth and exert its greatest available strength. Hence, it must be obvious that three hundred thousand new volunteers, raised promptly for twelve months, would be more valuable in the existing crisis of affairs than twice or thrice that number could be if raised less speedily, though for a much longer term. We hope, then, that the suggestion will be adopted. There can be no doubt that the best results would flow from it.

BRIGADIER GENERAL ROBERTSON.—This gallant soldier, lately appointed to the command of the cavalry forces in the Valley of Virginia, vacated by the death of the lamented Ashby, bids fair to achieve a distinction of which any officer might well be proud. He is, indeed, winning "golden opinions" by his prompt dispatch of business, his sagacity, his calm, cool, intelligent decisions, and his readiness to do quickly in his department whatever his hands find to do. Some of the men under his command were at first disposed to regard the discipline to which they were subjected as rather harsh and unnecessary; but subsequent reflection has satisfied them all that General Robertson will issue no order which does not contemplate the public good, and the welfare of the soldiers who may be the subjects of just and proper restraints. General R has already shown himself to be *an active man.* We will guarantee that he will not permit much grass to grow under his feet, if there is an enemy to be hunted up. We happen to know that his men are constantly on the look out, and the upper Valley has already realized great advantage from his presence amongst us.

Gen. R. is doing good service for the Confederacy in more respects than one; but as any information as to what he has done, or is doing, or means to do, might be of advantage to the enemy, we forbear to state in what way he is aiding the county in this hour of peril and difficulty. Suffice it to say, that he is doing his duty, fully, faithfully, nobly, and will entitle himself to the plaudit, at the hands of his grateful countrymen, of "well done!"—*Rockingham Register.*

ANOTHER ESCAPE OF PRISONERS.—Seven more of the political prisoners confined here, effected their escape last Thursday night. As in the former instance so in this, they took advantage of a dark and stormy hour, and when the rain as they supposed, had unfit the guns of the guard for service. They were discovered, however, and fired upon, but without serious effect. One of them has since returned. He can give no account of the others, further than that two of them were wounded by the guard—one in the hand and the other in the breast.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

FROM FREDERICKSBURG.—From a gentleman attached to the cavalry service, who reached Richmond Friday night, the Examiner has some interesting news from Fredericksburg. The enemy has entirely evacuated that city, and retired beyond the Rappahannock, on the North bank of which he has posted a cavalry picket. The joy of the citizens is unbounded at this sudden departure of their oppressors.

NOTICE TO CONSCRIPTS.

STATESVILLE, N. C., July 21.

The impossibility of getting the camp in readiness to receive troops, renders it necessary for the delaying till further orders, the calling out of conscripts destined for this camp. The Colonels of regiments of the Yadkin will therefore not call out their respective commands till further orders.

JAMES C. McRAE,
Capt. & A. A. Gen'l, P. A. C. S.
july 24—1t.

☞ The Salisbury Watchman, Western Enterprise, Ashville News, Henderson Times, Western Carolinian and Shelby Eagle, will copy the above one time and send bills to the Office of the Iredell Express.

PILES, FISTULA, TUMORS SPERMATORRHŒA, ULCERATIONS OF THE WOMB, &c.

Dr. J. A. CLOPTON, of Montgomery Ala., is at the Boydon House, at Salisbury, N. C., where he may be consulted during the balance of this week. A perfect cure is guaranteed. For Piles, not one patient out of ten will be confined in bed any longer than he is operated on. Reference to the most distinguished gentlemen of the South. Ladies will be visited at their homes if desired.
July 22.—3t.

FINLEY HIGH SCHOOL.

LENOIR, CALDWELL CO., N. C.

The Fall Session of this Institution will commence on the 6th of August next.

Board in good private families $3 per week.

TUITION, PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Classics,	$20
English,	$12 to $15
Contingent fee,	50 cents.

No deductions for lost time, except at the option of the principal.

E. W. FAUCETTE, Prinipal.
LENOIR, N. C., july 18, '62—3t.

TOBACCO FOR SALE.

The subscriber has on hand about forty or fifty thousand pounds of TOBACCO in leaf, two and three years old, which he offers for sale.

C. L. TORRENCE.
Charlotte, July 15, '62—d1m

RECEIVER'S SALE OF NEGROES.

On Tuesday the 29th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Market House, in the town of Wilmington, I will expose to public sale at Auction for cash, thirteen likely NEGROES, including men, women and children. Said negroes are the property of alien enemies, and are sold under a decree of the Confederate Court.

DUBRUTZ CUTLAR,
july 14—13t Receiver, &c.

REV. G. D. BERNHEIM'S CLASSICAL SCHOOL,

Will be re-opened on Monday the 4th of August next for boys and girls, in the Lutheran Church, in Charlotte.

A competent assistant will give instructions in both the primary and intermediate departments.

TERMS:—Per session of five months:

Primary Department,	$10
Intermediate Department,	12 to 16
Classical Department,	20

G. D. BERNHEIM.
July 14, 1862—2w

To Voters of Mecklenburg:

Some weeks ago my friends announced me as a Candidate for the Legislature, but not feeling that it was convenient for me to enter the contest, I last week published a card declining. On reflection, and at the solicitation of numerous friends, I have concluded to become a Candidate, and therefore announce myself as a Candidate for a seat in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of North Carolina. In order that my position may be understood, I will state that I am for Col. Wm. Johnston for Governor, and in favor of prosecuting the war until our independence is established. If my fellow-citizens of Mecklenburg see proper to elect me I will serve them to the best of my ability.

R. L. DEARMON.
July 5, 1862

ATTENTION TO ALL.

TWO HUNDRED Reams of writing paper. ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND Envelopes, just received at the Store of
KOOPMAN & PHELPS.
May 20th, 1862. tf

WANTED.

Ten or fifteen good Shoe Makers to put up Gentlemen and Ladies sewed shoes can find constant work at good prices by applying to
M. B. TAYLOR.
July 10 1862—d2w

COW FEED.

Oil Cakes in large quantities at St. Catharine Mills for sale.
July 11, '62—2 m.

MARK & SCHWARZ.

Have removed their stock of goods to the Store formerly occupied by Messrs. Frankinthall & Co., where they will be pleased to wait on our friends and the public generally.

Those desiring new and fashionable goods would do well to visit our Store before purchasing elsewhere.

H. C. MARK. G. SCHWARZ.
July 14, 1862—tf

NOTICE.

Surgical Instruments are much demanded by the necessities of the service, and a liberal price will be paid for them at this Depot.

EDWARD WARREN,
Surg. and Medical Purveyor.
Goldsboro, N. C., July 14, '62 d1m.

HIDES FOR SALE.

Now on hand 8000 lbs of good dry Hides which will be exchanged for Leather.
S. M. HOWELL.
June 11 1862—d3t

Wanted.

30 good strong [illegible] for chopping wood. Apply [illegible]

WANTED.

Thirty hands to work on Hospital Building; wages per day for 1st class $1.50; 2nd class $1.25; 3d class $1.00, and 4th class 75 cents. [illegible] persons of good character need apply.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Med. Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.
N. C. [illegible] Institute, July 20—d1w

WANTED,
BOTTLES AND VIALS.

The Medical Purveyor at Charlotte, N. C., will pay the following prices for clean Bottles and Vials, viz:

Quart Champagne Bottles,	$1.25	per doz.
Pint " "	75	" "
Quart Wine (Claret) "	1.00	" "
Pint "	70	" "
Quart Castor Oil	75	" "
Porter	75	" "
8 oz. Vials,	75	" "
6 and 4 oz. Vials	50	" "
1 and 2 oz.	50	" "

to be delivered in any quantity at the N. C. Military Institute, or to Drs. Duffy and Arendell, Medical Purveyor's Agents, who will visit the various towns in the State.

This call is rendered necessary from the fact that there are no glass factories in the Southern Confederacy. Persons having Bottles and Vials will confer a great benefit upon the sick and wounded soldiers by collecting all that they may have as speedily as possible.

M. HOWARD,
Surgeon and Medical Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.
July 14, 1862—d1m w1m

ATTENTION ALL.

The medical Purveyor's Department Charlotte, N. C., is in need of the following herbs, &c. for the use of the Army, for which the following prices will be paid on delivery at the N. C. Institute. Persons residing in districts where they can be obtained, will please give their attention to collecting and saving them, the articles must be clean and well dried:

Seneka Snake root	60	cents lb.
Puccoon, or Blood root,	40	" "
Wild Cherry bark,	30	" "
Indian Turnip,	20	" "
American Ipecac—root,	1.00	" "
Blooming Spurge—root,	50	" "
Indian Physic—root,	25	" "
Indian Tobacco,	25	" "
Black Snake root,	50	" "
Poke root,	20	" "
Cranesbill,	20	" "
Blackberry root,	20	" "
American Gentian,	20	" "
Dogwood bark,	25	" "
Fever Root,	20	" "
American Hellebore root,	20	" "
Peppermint,	20	" "
Skunk Cabbage—root,	20	" "
Jamestown Weed—seed and leaves,	20	" "
Hemlock leaves,	20	" "
Wintergreen, or Partridge Berry	50	" "
Horsemint,	20	" "
Sassafras—bark of root,	20	" "
Sassafras pith,	5.00	" "
Ginseng root,	50	" "
Sarsaparilla root,	75	" "
Lavender—leaves and stem,	20	" "
Flax seed, per bushel,	2.50	" "
White Oak bark,	20	" "
Meadow Sweet,	25	" "
American Columbo root,	50	" "
Willow bark,	20	" "
Tulip Tree bark or Wild Poplar,	20	" "
Persimmon bark—from root,	20	" "
Centaury herb,	20	" "
Boneset,	20	" "
Butterfly Weed, or Pleurisy root	30	" "
Dandelion root,	30	" "
Hops,	100	" "
Wild Senna,	50	" "
May Apple, or Mandrake,	75	" "
Butternut—inner bark of root,	50	" "
Henbane—leaves and seed,	75	" "
Barberry leaves,	50	" "
Fleabane,	25	" "
Scotch Broom—tops of stems,	30	" "
Pink Root,	50	" "
Calamus,	25	" "
Wild Ginger, or Canada Snake root,	25	" "
Queen's Root,	30	" "
Slippery Elm,	30	" "
Red Pepper,	100	" "
Anise seed,	50	" "
Spear Mint,	25	" "
Bitter Sweet, or Woody Night Shade,	50	" "
Poppy—ripe capsules,	1.00	" "
Lattuce garden—dried juice,	1.00	" "
Marsh Rosemary—root,	30	" "
Virginia Snake root—root,	75	" "
Juniper—tops,	20	" "
Red Cedar—tops,	25	" "
Prickley Ash—bark,	50	" "
Robins Rye or Hair cap moss,	30	" "

M. HOWARD,
Sur'g and Med'l Purveyor,
Charlotte, N. C.
July 8, 1862—d1m w1m

WANTED,

In large quantities, to be delivered at the Medical Purveying Department, Charlotte, N. C., the Bark from the root and smaller branches of the wild or forest Poplar, Dogwood and Willow, well dried.

A liberal price will be paid for these articles on delivery.
June 28, 1862—d1m c1m

CHARLOTTE and SO. CA. R. R.

The Coupons due on the 1st of January next on the Bonds of this Company will be paid whenever presented at my office at the Depot.
dec 3 '61. A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

Miss M. E. Stewart will resume the exercises of her School on Monday, August 4th, 1862.

Tuition per Session of Twenty weeks $12.
July 21, '62—1w

TURNIP SEED.

200 pounds of choice TURNIP SEED for sale. Apply to
E. W. BEALE,
July 21, '62—1w Graham, N. C.

A SUBSTITUTE WANTED.

An able bodied man over 45 years of age is wanted to serve in the Confederate army as a substitute. For particulars apply at Bulletin office.
July 21,—6t*

A Cook and Washer Wanted.

AN experienced COOK, Washer and Ironer will hear of a pleasant situation on application through this office.
Jan 31 tf

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad Co.

[illegible]

COLUMBIA, March 31, 1862.

A PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Columbia for Charlotte each afternoon at 6, and arrive in Columbia at 5 a. m.

T. J. SUMNER,
Engineer and Superintendent.
April 4, 1862 tf

Charlotte & S. C. Railroad.

[illegible]

THE Passenger Trains on this Road will leave and arrive, hereafter, as follows:

Leave Charlotte at	[illegible] A. M.
Arrive at Charlotte,	[illegible] P. M.
Leave Columbia at	[illegible] A. M.
Arrive at Columbia,	[illegible] P. M.

Nov 6

STOCK FOR SALE.

$25,000 Stock in the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Road Com. for sale. For particulars apply to the undersigned at Statesville, N. C.
[illegible]
July 9, '62—[illegible]

WANTED A SITUATION AS [illegible]

The subscriber, (a paroled prisoner) who is a graduate of Hampden Sidney College Va., and has had [illegible] years experience in teaching, desires a situation as Principal or Assistant in an Academy. He can exhibit the highest testimonials from the faculty as to his [illegible]. Patrons of schools who may wish to engage his services will please address him, stating salary &c. at Bethany Church, Iredell Co. N. C.
[illegible] MORELAND
July 9 1862 d1m*

P[illegible] SPRINGS.

This delightful watering place now open for the reception of visitors, is located in Burke county, N. C. sixteen miles from Morganton. It offers a safe home to families and persons in pursuit of health and [illegible]. [illegible] other [illegible] highly recommended by [illegible] physicians for their medicinal qualities. They are situated in a beautiful valley, surrounded by mountains, and a stream of crystal clearness and purity. Tablerock and Linville Falls are within easy reach of the Springs, and on every hand the scenery is grand and imposing. The mountains abound with game.

The present owners of the property are actively engaged in improvements that will add greatly to the attractions and comfort of the the Springs as a place of resort for persons in pursuit of health or pleasure.

The table will at all times be supplied with the best that the country affords.

A Hack will leave Morganton daily on the arrival of the mail from Salisbury.

Terms—Board per month, $30.00

For further information address
John W. McELRATH Proprietor.
July 10 1862-d1m

NOTICE.

COLUMBIA, June 16, '62.

Application will be made for a duplicate certificate of Stock issued to Samuel Kerr, July 23, 1856, 1034.

T. J. SUMNER.
June 20, '62—1m.

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY,
Commission Merchants.

Having leased their old store to the Government have moved to the store on the opposite corner, Trade Street, last occupied by Mr F. W. Ahrens, where they will be pleased to meet their old friends and customers.

Orders for Flour, Corn, &c., filled promptly as usual.

A well selected Stock of family Groceries always on hand.

J. E. STENHOUSE,
ALLEN MACAULAY.
Charlotte, June 20, 1862—tf

NAILS! NAILS!

All sizes at
KAHNWEILER & BRO.
June 17, 1862—tf

HILLSBORO' N. C. MILITARY ACADEMY.

The second session of the Fourth Academic year of this Institute will commence on 1st of August, 1862.

For circulars or information apply to
Maj. W. M. GORDON, Supt.
June 14, 1862—2m

WANTED,

Thirty laborers to chop wood. Address High Shoals Iron Company, Lincolnton, N. C.
June 13, 1862—[illegible]

☞ The Charleston *Courier* will please copy 10 times and send bill to this office.

RUN THE BLOCKADE.

Ladies English Hoop Skirts, all qualities.
Brown and Black English Long Cloth.
French Kid Gloves, light and dark colors.
French Gambreon, Men's and Boys Summer wear.
Gents English Shirts, direct importation, also new styles Gents Collars for sale by
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
june 12 '62—dtf.

Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road.

[illegible]

Stockholders desiring their stock dividend will leave their original certificates with me. The coupons due upon the Bonds of this Company on the 1st of July will be paid on presentation to the undersigned.
A. H. MARTIN, Agent.
June 12, 1862—tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE,
TO THE MANUFACTURERS OF THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY.

I have a Receipt to make a liquid to mix ¼ and ½ with any kind of Oil (except pure Lard,) which is equal to Sperm Oil for Machinery. This liquid can be made at a cost of five dollars per barrel of 36 gallons. It can be made in 30 minutes and be ready for use in 4 hours. This Oil will not create any gum, but will cut away all gum that has been created by other Oils. It is better than Sperm Oil for Machinery of quick motion. It is the very article for Cotton and Paper Mills. Any one that wants the receipt can address me at this place and I will give any information concerning it, price, &c., &c.

Address
T. E. BAILEY,
Buffalo Paper Mills,
May 8, 1862—6m Cleaveland Co., N. C.

WANTED.

Twenty hands can find immediate employment by applying at the Envelope Manufactory to
J. H. STEVENS & CO.,
Opposite Post Office.
May 28 '62 dtf.

The North Carolina
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
CATAWBA COUNTY,
50 MILES WEST OF SALISBURY,
Near the W. N. C. Rail Road,

ARE NOW OPEN FOR VISITORS, OFFERING a safe, healthy and pleasant retreat near the mountains of North Carolina to families who cannot be accommodated by [illegible]

Several hundred visitors can be accommodated with cottages, or rooms in the Hotel. A daily mail to the Springs and Hacks at the service of visitors. The healing effects of these Springs in [illegible] and the reputation of the manager to strangers, [illegible]
[illegible]
May 18, 1862—[illegible]

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE.

[illegible]

RICHARD E. PRICE [illegible]
Lenoir, May [illegible]

M[illegible]

[illegible]

Announcement.

We [illegible] to announce that Dr. J. B. AL[illegible] is a candidate for a seat in [illegible] Commons, N. C. Legislature, [illegible]sentative from Mecklenburg county.
June 27 '62—ted

Announcement.

Mr. EDITOR:—Y[illegible] please announce that JOHN PHE[illegible] Esq., is a Candidate for the office of [illegible] Court Clerk, [illegible] the resignation of W. K. Reid, Esq. [illegible] during the [illegible] of the July [illegible]
June 24—ted

Announcement.

Mr. EDITOR:—Y[illegible] authorized to announce [illegible] PRITCHARD as a Candidate [illegible] the people of Mecklenburg [illegible] Senate, North Carolina [illegible] that he will be supported at the [illegible] by
[illegible] FRIENDS.
May 29 te*

Announcement.

Mr. EDITOR:—You [illegible] authorized to announce Gen. JOHN A. YOUNG as a candidate for a seat [illegible] Senate of North Carolina from [illegible] county.
June 18, '62.—te* [illegible] CITIZENS.

The People's Ticket.

Mr. Editor:—You [illegible] please announce the following and obl[illegible]
[illegible] VOTERS.

FOR COM[illegible]
E. C. GRIER,
JOHN L. BROWN.
June 19, 1862—te*

Voters of Mecklenburg;

The Army has discovered that a scramble will be made, during the absence of many of its population, [illegible] upon them old fogies and cranked [illegible] scheming political hacks, but they protest and urge upon their friends who [illegible] services of our friends and our [illegible] to vote for the following

SOLDIER'S TICKET:

FOR THE COMMONS.
E. C. GRIER
J. L. BROWN.

June 17, 1862. [illegible] PRIVATE.

Announcement.

Mr. Editor:—Please announce JOHN L. BROWN as a Candidate to represent the County of Mecklenburg in the House of Commons of the next General Assembly of North Carolina, and oblige
[illegible] VOTERS.
June 16, 1862—ted

Compromise Ticket.

Many citizens of Mecklenburg county will support the following Ticket for the Legislature;

FOR THE SENATE.
J. H. WILSON, Esq.

FOR THE COMMONS.
E. C. GRIER,
R. L. DEARMOND.

June 16, 1862.

Announcement.

We are authorized to announce that R. M. WHITE is a Candidate for the office of Sheriff for Mecklenburg county at the next election.
May 15, '62—t d e*

Announcement.

We are authorized to announce that Col. B. W. ALEXANDER is a Candidate for the county of Mecklenburg [illegible] at the next election.
[illegible]

Announcement.

We have been authorised to announce that A. J. Hoop, Esq., is a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing election, for Mecklenburg County.
June 2, 1856.

SALT, SALT.

Several hundred bushels of SALT expecting daily. For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
june 7, '62-tf

SUGAR, SUGAR.

75 75 75 75

Seventy-five hds. assorted quality SUGAR, on hand and for sale [illegible]
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 7, 1862—tf

COFFEE, COFFEE.

Ten sacks Rio and Valparaiso COFFEE on hand and selling fast at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
June 7, 1862—tf

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

Miss F. Brown, who has the superintendence of our Millinery department, (and who has just arrived,) has brought with her a splendid assortment of French Artificials and a large variety of [illegible] Ribbons, Straw Bonnets of Neopolitan, Leghorn and Black Straw Bonnets, [illegible] and Misses Hats, Blond Laces, Bonnet Materials of all shades, and plaid Silk Ruches &c., &c.

Miss Brown will be happy to wait upon our customers and will endeavor to please all in giving the latest Paris and [illegible] Confederate fashions.

Many thanks for your past [illegible] and patronage bestowed to us, and [illegible] to have the same continuance.

KAHNWEILER & BROS.
june 6 '62 dtf-c.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, [illegible] Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Indigo, Castile Soap, [illegible] Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red R[illegible] (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents [illegible] will be paid by
E. NYE HUTCHISON [illegible]
Charlotte, June 3—tf D[illegible]

A. Tenn. & Ohio Railroad.

[illegible]

The passenger train, on and after [illegible] day, the 5th inst., will leave the [illegible] of the Road at 5.45 a. m. Mondays, T[illegible] Thursdays and Saturdays, and [illegible] at Charlotte with the 9 o'clock train for Columbia. Passengers leaving States[illegible] in the morning will reach Columbia [illegible] the afternoon.

T. J. SUMN[illegible]
June 3—1m Eng[illegible]

MANSION HOUSE,
CHARLOT[illegible]

[illegible]